

Calc 1 Test 2 Review Playlist Guide

MAC2311 Calculus 1 Test 2 Practice A

- [0:00](#) 4.1 Extrema on an Interval $f(x)=(x+2)^{2/3}$ on the interval $[-4,-2]$
[3:32](#) 4.1 Extrema on an Interval $f(x)=x^4-3x^2+4$ on the interval $[-1,1]$
[8:20](#) 4.1 Extrema on an Interval $y=x^4-2x^2-3$ on the interval $(0,\infty)$

MAC2311 Calculus 1 Test 2 Practice B

- [0:00](#) 4.3 Intervals of Increasing and Decreasing $f(x)=e^{-x}+e^{3x}$

MAC2311 Calculus 1 Test 2 Practice C

- [0:00](#) 3.5 Logarithmic Differentiation $y=x\sqrt{2x+1}$
[4:30](#) 3.5 Implicit Differentiation $x^2=(4x^2y^3+1)^2$

MAC2311 Calculus 1 Test 2 Practice D

- [0:00](#) 4.6 Curve Sketching $f(x)=x^3+3x^2$
[21:45](#) 4.7 Optimization: Revenue/Cost/Profit

MAC2311 Calculus 1 Test 2 Practice E

- [0:00](#) 3.7 Related Rates: Sphere
[6:54](#) 4.1 Extrema on an interval $f(x)=e^x-x$ on the interval $[-2,2]$

MAC2311 Calculus 1 Test 2 Practice F

- [0:00](#) 3.5 Logarithmic Differentiation $y=\frac{(x+2)^2(2x-3)^3}{(3x-5)^4}$

MAC2311 Calculus 1 Test 2 Practice G

- [0:00](#) 4.4 Second Derivative Test $f(x)=x^3+3x^2$
[5:50](#) 3.5 Implicit Differentiation $y^3+y^2-5y-x^2=-3$

MAC2311 Calculus 1 Test 2 Practice H

- [0:00](#) 3.5 Logarithmic Differentiation $y=\frac{(3x^4-2)^5}{(3x^3+4)^2}$

MAC2311 Calculus 1 Test 2 Practice I

- [0:00](#) 4.7 Optimization: Area
[6:26](#) 4.7 Optimization: Cost

MAC2311 Calculus 1 Test 2 Practice J

- [0:00](#) 4.7 Optimization: Translating Mathematical Phrases
[7:18](#) 3.7 Related Rates: Cube

MAC2311 Calculus 1 Test 2 Practice K

[0:00](#) 4.2 Rolle's Theorem $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 4}{x - 1}$ on the interval $[-2, 2]$

[3:26](#) 4.2 Rolle's Theorem $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 2x - 3}{x + 2}$ on the interval $[-1, 3]$

[17:03](#) 4.2 Mean Value Theorem $f(x) = x^3$ on the interval $[-1, 3]$

MAC2311 Calculus 1 Test 2 Practice L

[0:00](#) 3.5 Logarithmic Differentiation $y = (x^5 + 5)^2 \sqrt{2x^2 + 3}$

MAC2311 Calculus 1 Test 2 Practice M

[0:00](#) 3.5 Logarithmic Differentiation $y = 2x^{2x}$

[7:47](#) 4.2 Mean Value Theorem $f(x) = 3x - x^2$ on the interval $[2, 3]$

MAC2311 Calculus 1 Test 2 Practice N

[0:00](#) 4.2 Rolle's Theorem $f(x) = (x - 2)(x + 3)^2$ on the interval $[-3, 2]$

[8:20](#) 4.7 Optimization: Translating Mathematical Phrases

MAC2311 Calculus 1 Test 2 Practice O

[0:00](#) 4.7 Optimization: Area

[5:35](#) 4.2 Mean Value Theorem $g(x) = x^{2/3}$ on the interval $[1, 8]$

MAC2311 Calculus 1 Test 2 Practice P

[0:00](#) 4.3 First Derivative Test (Critical Numbers, Increasing Decreasing, Extrema)

$$f(x) = (x^2 - 1)^{2/3}$$

[12:35](#) 4.4 Concavity and Points of Inflection $f(x) = \frac{24}{x^2 + 12}$

MAC2311 Calculus 1 Test 2 Practice Q

[0:00](#) 4.6 Curve Sketching $f(x) = 3x^4 + 4x^3$

[31:36](#) 4.7 Optimization: Area

[38:24](#) 3.4 Derivative (Quotient and Chain) $y' = \frac{-3(x^2 + 1)}{(x^2 - 1)^2}$

[43:35](#) 4.7 Optimization: Translating Mathematical Phrases

MAC2311 Calculus 1 Test 2 Practice R

[0:00](#) 4.3 Compare First Derivative and Second Derivative Tests $f(x) = x^3 + 3x^2$

[10:57](#) 3.5 Logarithmic Differentiation $y = 4x^{x^4}$

[21:41](#) 4.1 Extrema on an Interval $f(x) = 2x^3 - 5x^2 - 4x + 3$ on the interval $[-1, 4]$

[28:16](#) 4.2 Rolle's Theorem $f(x) = 2x^3 - 5x^2 - 4x + 3$ on the interval $[-1, 3]$

MAC2311 Calculus 1 Test 2 Q&A 10/21/23 Equation of Tangent Line Arc-tangent

[0:00](#) 3.6 Equation of a tangent line for $f(x) = \arctan(x)$ with slope $1/2$

MAC2311 Calculus 1 Test 2 Q&A 10/29/23 Criticle Numbers; Increasing Decreasing; Mean Value Theorem

[0:00](#) 4.3 Identify open intervals on which the function is increasing or Decreasing $h(x)=\cos\left(\frac{3x}{2}\right)$

[12:13](#) 4.2 Mean Value Theorem $f(x)=2\sin x$ on $[0, \pi]$

[18:06](#) 4.1 Find Critical Numbers of $g(x)=2x^2(8^x)$

MAC2311 Calculus 1 Test 2 Q&A 11/2/23 Concavity, Points of Inflection, Curve Sketching

[0:00](#) 4.4 Point of inflection and Concavity $f(x)=x\sqrt{x+27}$

[14:22](#) 4.6 Curve Sketching $y=\frac{x}{x^2+25}$

MAC2311 Calculus 1 Test 2 Q&A 11/12/23 Logarithmic Differentiation

[0:00](#) 3.5 Logarithmic Differentiation $y=\sqrt{\frac{x^2-100}{x^2+100}}$ $x>10$

[15:46](#) 3.5 Logarithmic Differentiation $y=(5+x)^{3/x}$, $x>0$

[25:37](#) 3.5 Logarithmic Differentiation $y=x\sqrt{x^2+5}$, $x>0$

[33:27](#) 3.5 Logarithmic Differentiation $y=x^{x-3}$, $x>0$